



TOEIC

高頻字群排名 及記憶連結

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carefully
 surface lodging
 背書，推薦 = recommend
 ment discreetly adv. 慎重地 = carefully
 v. 重鋪（道路） = resurface
 量大的 = spacious endorse v. 背書
 v. 到期 = expire = be due unveil v. 開幕
 cility = grounds
 = mandatory = obligatory
 ample = plentiful
 large order = large quantity
 spacious adj. 寬大的 = spacious
 定，要求 = require streamline v. 使流線，提高效率 = increase efficiency
 mingly adv. 壓倒性地，一致地 = unanimously
 ationship halt v. 中止 = stop = cease
 onotonous
 = participate
 v = sluggish inadvertently adv. 不小心，不注意 restrict v. 限制 = limit exotic
 l essential adj. 必要的，重要的 = necessary = indispensable
 en mandatory adj. 強制的，必要的 = compulsory consent n. 同意
 enomenal adj. 卓越傑出的 = excellent = remarkable = exceptional
 aken = damage = undermine urge v. 強烈建議 = recommend
 ll adv. 最重要，尤其是 = most importantly gala n. 慶典，盛會
 tively perception n. 看法，感受 = impression dramatic
 ly = on purpose evenly adv. 平均地 = equally land v.
 alter genre n. (藝術/文學) 種類，領域 = kind = type
 er v. 經歷 = experience moist adj. 微濕的 = wet
 ecifically weigh v. 考量 = consider (weigh)
 car-pooling n. 共乘 = ride-sharing
 ard mortgage n. 房貸 = loan farewell n.
 nced = cutting-edge lure v. 吸引，引誘
 = description thrilled adj. 感到興奮的 = excited = exhilarated lay off v.
 k n. 水槽 = basin entrée n. 主菜 = main course hectic adj. 繁忙的
 ion n. 謹慎斟酌判斷 = judgment discreetly adv. 慎重地 = carefully
 lodging n. 住宿 = accommodation = housing ward n. 行政區 = district
 intriguing adj. 引人入勝的 acquaint v. 使熟悉 = familiarize lapse

慎
 int
 veil
 sanction n.
 v. 免除 (責
 open to cho
 affluent adj.
 adv. 壓倒性地
 fascinating
 critica
 implication n.
 ad. 異國風情的
 necessar
 compulsory
 remarkab
 compromise v.
 gala n. 慶典，盛會
 dramatic
 adv. 平均地 = equally
 genre n. (藝術/文學) 種
 blurred adj. 模糊的 =
 secure v. 取得 = obtain = acquire
 demolish v. 拆除 =
 trophy n. 獎，獎盃 = prize = award me
 glance v. 看一眼 = glimpse = browse
 hectic adj. 繁忙的 = busy sculpture

Chapter 1 超高頻單字（排名 1-34）（出現頻率 559-180）

重點提醒

1. 這類超高頻率單字，通常具有多個不同且常用的意思，以致於出現頻率如此之高。因此學習重點為，利用筆者所提供的記憶連結，將已經認識的字義，串聯起尚未熟悉的定義。例如，**company** 這個單字，多數人都認得是「公司」的意思，所以讀者就需要認識這個字的第二、第三個字義，「陪伴」跟「同伴」。而這些不同字義的連結即為，「公司就是很多同伴一起工作的地方」。當有了記憶的連結，要再延伸記得頻率相對較低的「**accompany** v. 陪伴，附上」，就不會是難事。
2. 請讀者從高頻單字開始累積字源分析（字首、字根）能力，慢慢培養能力透過上下文以及字根概念，去推測單字的字義。例如，**company** 的字首是 **com-**，代表的含意是 **all together**「大家在一起工作」，之後學到「**component** n. 零件」，透過字源分析，「（**com-** → **all together**），（**pon** → **put**）→ 組裝所有零件」，就能夠快速串聯起不同頻率的字彙。在閱讀句子文章時，即使忘記單字的中文定義，也能夠透過上下文與字首字根推測出 **component** 這個字的意思是「零件」。
3. 這類超高頻單字由於讀者多半認識，所以較高機率出現在聽力測驗，讀者需要多注意單字的發音以及重音的轉移。例如：

produce /prə'du:s/ v. 生產（重音在第二音節）

produce /'prɒdʊ:s/ n. 農產品（重音在第一音節）

refer /rɪ'fɜ:r/ v. 推薦（重音在第二音節）

reference /'refrəns/ n. 推薦人/信（重音在第一音節）

schedule /'skedʒu:l/（美式發音）

schedule /'fedju:l/（英澳發音）

apply /ə'plai/ v. 申請，適用（重音在第二音節）

applicant /'æplɪkənt/ n. 申請者（重音在第一音節）

project /'prɑ:dʒekt/ n. 計畫，專案（重音在第一音節）

project /prə'dʒekt/ v. 投射，預見（重音在第二音節）

排名：1

出現次數：559

company n. 公司，陪伴，同伴 = companion

/'kʌmpəni/

A man is known by the company he keeps.

由一個人所結交的同伴，就可以認識這個人。（觀其友，知其人。）

accompany v. 陪同，伴隨，附上 = enclose = attach = include

/ə'kʌmpəni/

Please accompany photo identification with your request.

請在您的申請書中附上有照片的身分證件。

Children under the age of 12 should be accompanied by adults.

十二歲以下兒童應由成人陪同。

記憶連結：（com- → all together） → 公司就是很多同伴一起工作的地方

其他相關單字：

coworker n. 同事（co- → together），（work → work），（-er → person）

collaborate v. 合作（col- → together），（labor → work） → 一起工作

排名：2

出現次數：549

question v. 質疑 = doubt

/'kwestʃən/

No one has ever questioned his honesty.

沒有人懷疑過他的誠信。

questionnaire n. 問卷 = inquiry

/ˌkwɛstʃəˈnɛr/

The questionnaire is designed to study consumers' preference in smartphones.
這份問卷是要研究消費者對智慧型手機的偏好。

query n. 疑問，詢問 = question

/'kwɪrɪ/

Our customer service representatives will be happy to answer your queries.
我們的客服人員很樂意回答您的問題。

排名：3

出現次數：534

produce n. 農產品 = fruit and vegetables = crop

/'prɑːduːs/

The produce section in the grocery is having a sale with 50% off.
超市裡的農產品區正在五折特賣。

productive adj. 有成果/效的 = fruitful = effective

/prəˈdʌktɪv/

The marketing meeting turned out to be very productive.
行銷會議結果非常有成效。

productivity n. 生產力 = output = yield

/'prɒdʌk'tɪvətɪ/

The machine is designed to increase productivity of the manufacturing plant.
這台機器是設計來增加製造工廠的生產力。

please v. 使高興，使滿意，取悅 = satisfy = gratify

/pliz/

You just can't please everyone.

你無法取悅所有人讓他們都滿意。

pleased adj. 感到高興的 = delighted = gratified = glad

/plizd/

I am pleased to notify you that your application has been accepted.

很高興通知您，您的申請已經被接受。

pleasing adj. 令人愉快滿意的 = amiable = enjoyable

/'plizɪŋ/

The lady is pleasing in manner and appearance.

這位女士不論外貌或舉止談吐都很討人喜歡。

pleasant adj. 令人愉快舒服的 = delightful = fine = lovely

/'pleznt/

The weather is pleasant today!

今天天氣好舒服!

記憶連結：拜託別人要讓人家高興

refer v. 指涉，有關 + to = mean = relate to = speak of

/rɪ'fɜːr/

You know who I'm referring to.

你知道我指的是誰。

v. 參考，查詢，求助 + to = consult = look up

You may refer to a dictionary if you have questions about the word.

如果你對這個字有疑問可以查詢字典。

v. 推薦，轉介 = direct = transfer

The doctor referred the patient to another specialist at the general hospital.

這位醫生將病人轉介給另一位在綜合醫院服務的專科醫生。

reference n. 推薦人/信 = recommendation = testimonial = endorsement

/'refrəns/

My former supervisor will act as a reference for me.

我的前主管將會做我的推薦人。

My professor wrote me a good reference and helped me obtain the position.

我的教授幫我寫了很棒的推薦信讓我成功申請上這個職位。

v. 提供（參考資料） = refer to = offer

Please email our customer service department and reference the order number.

請寫信給我們的客服部並提供訂單編號。

記憶連結：我指的人請你參考一下 = 推薦

排名：6

出現次數：356

order n. 秩序 = discipline = control

/ˈɔːrdər/

The young teacher tried to keep order in her classroom but failed.

年輕老師想要維持教室秩序卻無法做到。

記憶連結：遵守命令 = 守秩序

排名：7

出現次數：351

receipt n. 收到，收據 = invoice = bill = sales slip = proof of purchase

/rɪˈsiːt/

This email is to inform you that we are in receipt of your order.

本電子郵件是通知您我們已收到您的訂單。

reception n. 接待會 = gathering = function

/rɪˈsepʃn/

A reception will be held to welcome attendees of the medical conference.

在醫療大會開始前，將會舉行接待會歡迎所有的參加者。

n. 收訊 = receiving

The new antenna has improved the reception of the radio.

新天線改善了收音機的收訊。

receptionist n. 接待人員 = attendant

/rɪˈsepʃənɪst/

When you arrive here, the receptionist will direct you to my office.

當您抵達時，接待人員會引導您前往我的辦公室。

recipient n. 接受者 = receiver

/rɪˈsɪpiənt/

Recipients of the award were honored by the mayor.

受獎者接受市長的表揚。

receptacle n. 容器 = container

/rɪˈseptəkl/

The receptacle is meant for recyclables.

本容器被指定為收集回收物。

記憶連結： receive （接受，接收）

排名：8

出現次數：347

store v. 存放，儲存 = stow = preserve

/stɔːr/

The electronic equipment is safely stored in the warehouse.

這些電子設備被妥善保存在倉庫中。

restore v. 修復，整修 = recover = renovate = remodel = rehabilitate

/rɪ'stɔːr/

The old painting has been restored by a specialist.

這幅古畫已經由一位專家完成修復的工作。

The new CEO's duty is to restore the company to profitability.

新執行長的責任就是要讓公司轉虧為盈。

storage n. 儲存，存放 = depository = warehouse

/'stɔːrɪdʒ/

We guarantee the most convenient self-storage experience with a clean and safe environment for all your storage needs.

我們保證提供最方便的自助倉儲體驗，以乾淨安全的環境，滿足您儲物的需求。

記憶連結：（re- → again），（store → store） → 商店重新開幕要先裝修

排名：9

出現次數：343

service v. 維修，保養 = maintain = overhaul = inspect

/'sɜːrvɪs/

The machines need to be serviced regularly.

這些機器需要定期被保養。

serve v. 供應（食物，飲料） = provide = distribute

/sɜːrv/

The flight attendants are serving drinks for passengers.

空服員正在為旅客供應茶水。

v. 擔任 (角色) + as = act as = function as

The airline will serve as the official carrier for attendees of the annual conference.
這家航空公司將會擔任本次年度大會與會者的官方運輸公司。

servicing n. (食物) 一份 = portion = helping

/'sɜːrvɪŋ/

The recipe is sufficient for five servings.
這份食譜足夠五人份食用。

記憶連結： server (擔任服務生供應食物)

排名： 10

出現次數： 342

employ v. 雇用 = hire = engage = recruit = take on

/ɪm'plɔɪ/

The factory employs one thousand workers.
這家工廠雇用了一千名工人。

v. 使用，運用 = make use of = take advantage of = utilize

Professionals usually know how to employ their spare time wisely.
專業人士通常都知道如何聰明運用空閒時間。

employment n. 工作 = position = occupation = profession = vocation

/ɪm'plɔɪmənt/

The temporary worker was hired from the employment agency.
這位臨時的員工是由職業介紹所引薦而來的。

unemployment n. 失業 = the state of being out of work

/ˌʌnɪm'plɔɪmənt/

The government is taking measures to help reduce unemployment.

政府正想辦法採取措施降低失業率。

記憶連結： ploy → use (用)

其他相關單字：

deploy v. 部署，調度 (de- → strong), (ploy → use) → 有效運用

exploit v. 開發，開採 (ex- → out), (ploi → use) → 挖出來用 (母音 oy 換成 oi)

排名：11

出現次數：341

custom n. 習俗，慣例 = tradition = convention = practice

/'kʌstəm/

The celebration of the Lunar New Year is a custom in Taiwan.

慶祝農曆過年是台灣的一種習俗。

Customs n. 海關 = government department that collects taxes on goods

/'kʌstəmz/

The Customs have seized a large quantity of smuggled diamonds.

海關查獲了大量走私的鑽石。

customize v. 量身訂做 = personalize = tailor

/'kʌstəmaɪz/

The car can be customized to suit consumers' needs.

這種車可以依照消費者需求量身打造。

custom-made adj. 量身訂做的 = tailored = customized = personalized

/'kʌstəm'meɪd/

The engineer is developing custom-made software for small businesses.

工程師正在研發專為小企業設計的軟體。

costume n. 特殊服裝，戲服 = outfit = apparel

/'kɔːstu:m/

The costume designer creates dresses for special events, such as a cosplay party.

這位服裝設計師專門製作特殊活動的服裝，例如角色扮演的派對。

記憶連結：customer（應顧客要求），costume play（角色扮演）。

入境隨俗 → 過海關

排名：12

出現次數：336

part n. 零件 = component = unit = element

/pɑːrt/

He works for a company that makes automobile parts.

他在一家製造汽車零件的公司工作。

participate v. 參加，參與 + in = take part in = attend

/pɑːr'tɪsɪpeɪt/

Only amateur players can participate in the contest.

本賽事只限業餘玩家參加。

participant n. 參加者 = attendee

/pɑ:r'tɪsɪpənt/

Most participants of the seminar gave positive feedback.

多數研討會的參加者給予正面的評價回饋。

記憶連結： take a part → 拿了一部分，就是參加了

排名：13

出現次數：305

schedule v. 安排，預定 = expect = arrange

/'skedʒu:l/

The delegation is scheduled to arrive in Taipei tomorrow.

代表團預計明日抵達台北。

reschedule v. 重新安排 = rearrange

/,ri:'skedʒu:l/

I would like to reschedule the appointment I made with Dr. Perez.

我想要更改跟 Perez 醫生約診的時間。

scheduling conflict n. 行程衝突 = scheduling problem

/'skedʒu:lɪŋ/ /'kɑ:nflɪkt/

The professor was unable to attend the seminar due to a scheduling conflict.

教授因為行程衝突的關係無法出席研討會。